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REMARKS

The above amendment is presented to eliminate multiple dependent claims, thereby reducing PTO filing fees.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is entitled "Version with Markings to Show Changes Made".

Favorable action on the merits is now requested.

Respectfully submitted,

Hisashi ISAKA et al.

By Modunary Matthew Jacob

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VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 11 and 12 have been amended as follows:

11. (Amended) the polyorthoester as described in claim 1, having a structure represented by the following Formula (IV):

$$\gamma_{1} \left(\begin{array}{c} R_{1} \\ 0 \\ C \\ R_{2} \\ \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} R_{3} \\ 0 \\ C \\ R_{2} \\ \end{array} \right)$$
 (IV)

wherein Y¹ represents a di- to hexavalent residue obtained by removing the following 2 to 6 hydroxyl groups from a compound having 2 to 6 hydroxyl groups in a molecule; [R¹, R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ are the same as defined in claim 1 and 4] R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ may be the same or different and each represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 24 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 24 carbon atoms or a phenyl group, or a group obtained by substituting a part of these groups with an oxygen atom, and the total of the carbon atoms in the groups represented by R³, R⁴, R⁵ and R⁶ falls in a range of 0 to 24; and R⁴ and R⁵ may form a cyclic structure together with carbon atoms to which they are bonded directly; and n represents an integer of 2 to 6, or

the following Formula (V):

wherein Y² represents a di- to hexavalent residue obtained by removing the following 2 to 6 hydroxyl groups from a compound having 2 to 6 hydroxyl groups in a molecule; [R¹, R², R², R², R², R³, R¹¹ and R¹²¹ are the same as defined in claims 1 and 4] R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R², R², R², R¹¹ and R¹² may be the same or different and each represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 24 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 24 carbon atoms or a phenyl group, or a group obtained by substituting a part of these groups with an oxygen atom, and the total of the carbon atoms in the groups represented by R², R², R², R¹¹, R¹¹ and R¹² falls in a range of 0 to 24; and R² and R² or R², R² and R¹¹ may form a cyclic structure together with carbon atoms to which they are bonded directly; and n represents an integer of 2 to 6.

12. (Amended) The polyorthoester as described in claim 1, having a structure represented by the following Formula (VII):

wherein Y⁴ represents a residue obtained by removing the following four hydroxyl groups from a compound having four hydroxy groups in a molecule; [and R¹, R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹ and

•

R¹² are the same as defined in claims 1 and 4] R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 4 carbon atoms; and R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹ and R¹² may be the same or different and each represent a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group having 1 to 24 carbon atoms, an aralkyl group having 7 to 24 carbon atoms or a phenyl group, or a group obtained by substituting a part of these groups with an oxygen atom, and the total of the carbon atoms in the groups represented by R⁷, R⁸, R⁹, R¹⁰, R¹¹ and R¹² falls in a range of 0 to 24; and R⁷ and R⁹ or R⁷, R⁹ and R¹¹ may form a cyclic structure together with carbon atoms to which they are bonded directly.